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ACE	Automated Customs Environment—The U.S. Customs and Border Protection system through which
	the trade community reports imports and exports, and the government determines admissibility;
	Owned by the U.S. Census Bureau but monitored and enforced by U.S. Customs and Border
	Protection; Related terms: AES and EEI
AECA	Arms Export Control Act—The AECA is the statute that authorizes the export control compliance
	activities of the Department of State's DDTC and the ITAR
AES	Automated Export System—A module within ACE for reporting the Electronic Export Information
	(EEI)
AG	Australia Group—An arrangement among cooperating nations that have agreed to adopt national
	export controls on dual-use chemical weapon precursors, biological microorganisms and related
	equipment to prevent the proliferation of chemical and biological weapons
ASSEMBLY	The fitting together of manufactured parts into a complete system, machine, structure, or unit of a
	machine; A number of electronic components (i.e., "circuit elements," "discrete components,"
	integrated circuits, etc.) connected together to perform a specific function(s), replaceable as an
	entity and normally capable of being disassembled
AT	Anti-Terrorism—A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL); Countries subject to AT
	controls are those on the State Department's list of countries that support international terrorism
AWB	Air Waybill
BATFE	Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives—The U.S. Bureau that has jurisdiction over
	the permanent import of defense articles listed in the USMIL
BIS	Bureau of Industry and Security—An agency of the Department of Commerce established by the
	Export Control Reform Act that is responsible for administering and enforcing export controls on
	commercial and "dual-use" items through the Export Administration Regulation (EAR)
СВ	Chemical & Biological Weapons—A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL)
СВМ	Office of Chemical, Biological, and Missile Proliferation—Nonproliferation Bureau, Department of
	State; CBM establishes and implements U.S. foreign policy relating to the proliferation and
	international transfers of weapons of mass destruction
СС	Crime Control — A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL)
CCATS	Commodity Classification Automated Tracking System—Submitted to BIS when requesting a USG
	determination of an ECCN for an item, software, or technology
CCL	Commerce Control List—A list of items controlled by the Export Administration Regulations (EAR)
	contained in Supplement 1 to part 774
CFIUS	The Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States—An interagency committee authorized
	to review certain transactions involving foreign investment in the United States and certain real
	estate transactions by foreign persons in order to determine the effect of such transactions on the
	national security of the United States
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations—The CFR is the codification of the general and permanent rules of the
	Executive departments and agencies of the Federal Government. The CFR is amended by rules
	published in the Federal Register
CFR	Cost and Freight
(INCOTERM)	
CI	Commercial Invoice
CIF	Cost, Insurance and Freight
(INCOTERM)	







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CIP	Carriage and Insurance Paid To
(INCOTERM)	
CIV	Civil End Users—A license exception specified in the EAR §740
СМІ	Critical Military Information —Information that is originated by or for the DoD, or its Agencies, or is
	under their jurisdiction or control, and which requires protection in the interests of national
	security; CMI is designated TOP SECRET, SECRET, and CONFIDENTIAL
Country Chart	EAR chart contained in Supplement No. 1 §738 for determining "NLR" applicability based on
	countries and reasons for control
Country Groups	EAR chart contained in Supplement No. 1 §740 for identifying countries as belonging to certain
	groups
СРТ	Carriage Paid To
(INCOTERM)	
СТР	Computers
CUI	Controlled Unclassified Information—Information that requires safeguarding or dissemination
	controls pursuant to and consistent with applicable law, regulations, and government-wide policies
	but is not classified
cw	Chemical Weapons —A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL) of chemicals that are
	listed on schedules of the Chemical Weapons Convention
cwc	Chemical Weapons Convention—An international agreement among nations that agree they will
	not develop, produce, stockpile, or use chemical weapons
DAF	Delivered at Frontier
(INCOTERM)	
DASA/DE&C	Deputy Assistant Secretary of the Army for Defense Exports and Cooperation
DDP	Delivered Duty Paid
(INCOTERM)	
DDTC	Directorate of Defense Trade Controls—The office in the Department of State (DOS) that
	administers the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) and issues licenses for defense
DDU	services and defense articles
DDU	Delivered Duty Unpaid
(INCOTERM)	Defence Funert Central and Compliance Custom. The quetom and mothed of submitting ITAD
DECCS	Defense Export Control and Compliance System—The system and method of submitting ITAR Registration License Agreement or Commodity Jurisdiction applications over the internet to DDTC
DEO	Registration, License, Agreement, or Commodity Jurisdiction applications over the internet to DDTC Delivered Ex Quay
DEQ (INCOTERM)	Delivered Ex Quay
DES	Delivered Ex Ship
(INCOTERM)	Delivered Ex Ship
DPL	Denied Persons List —A list, available at Supplement No. 2 to Part 764 of the EAR, of persons whose
_ · <u> -</u>	export privileges are currently denied, in whole or in part
DSP	Department of State Proforma —A designation for a variety of forms used by DDTC under the ITAR;
	Forms include DSP-5, 61, 73, 83, and 85
DTSA	Defense Technology Security Administration —An agency of the Department of Defense (DoD)
	responsible for the development and implementation of policies on international transfers of
	defense-related technology and review of certain dual-use export license applications







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EAR	Export Administration Regulations —Governs the export and import of items and technology under
	Commerce Department export licensing jurisdiction and is administered by the Bureau of Industry
	and Security (BIS)
EAR99	A classification designation for an item that is subject to the EAR but not specifically described by an
	ECCN on the CCL
ECCN	Export Control Classification Number —Individual categories of items on the Commerce Control List
	(CCL) are identified by an Export Control Classification Number (ECCN)
ECNP	Office of Export Controls and Conventional Arms Nonproliferation Policy—Nonproliferation
	Bureau, Department of State; ECNP establishes and implements U.S. foreign policy relating to the
	proliferation and international transfer of conventional arms and sensitive dual-use technology
ECP	Export Control Program
ECRA	Export Control Reform Act—The ECRA is the statute that authorizes the export control and
	antiboycott compliance activities of the Department of Commerce's BIS and the EAR
EEI	Electronic Export Information—Information consisting of 10 primary data elements filed in AES for
	tangible exports (formerly information filed on the shippers export declaration [SED])
EI	Encryption Items—A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL) covering encryption
	commodities, software, and technology
ELISA	Export License Status Advisor—An online system that allows applicants to track the status of
	electronic license applications using a case number assigned to the application
EMS	Export Management System
ENC	Encryption commodities, software, and technology—A license exception specified in the EAR §740
ENCP	Exception to National Disclosure Policy—A request for an exception to the NDP
EO	Empowered Official—A person designated in writing by a company for ITAR compliance
	responsibilities and is authorized to sign and process license applications on behalf of the company
EXW	Ex Works
(INCOTERM)	
FAS	Free Alongside Ship
(INCOTERM)	
FC	Firearms Convention—A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL)
FCA	Free Carrier
(INCOTERM)	
FCPA	Foreign Corrupt Practices Act—The Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 is a United States federal
	law that prohibits U.S. citizens and entities from bribing foreign government officials to benefit their
	business interests
FMF	Foreign Military Financing—The DoD program that provides grants and loans to help countries
	purchase weapons and defense equipment produced in the United States as well as acquiring
	defense services and military training
FMS	Foreign Military Sales—The DoD program that facilitates sales of U.S. arms, defense equipment,
	defense services, and military training to foreign governments
FOB	Free On Board
(INCOTERM)	







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FOCI	Foreign Ownership, Control, or Influence—A company is considered to be operating under FOCI
	whenever a foreign interest has the power, direct or indirect, whether or not exercised, and whether
	or not exercisable, to direct or decide matters affecting the management or operations of that
	company in a manner which may result in unauthorized access to classified information or may
	adversely affect the performance of classified contracts
FOIA	Freedom of Information Act
FPPI	Foreign Principal Party in Interest—FTR term for the party in an international transaction who
	purchases the goods for export or to whom final delivery or end-use of the goods will be made; This
	party may be the ultimate consignee
FTR	Foreign Trade Regulations—Set of regulations under the U.S. Census Bureau; The FTR contains the
	regulatory requirements for filing Electronic Export Information (EEI), in the Automated Export
	System (AES) and is the foundation for collecting, compiling, and disseminating export trade
	statistics for the United States
GBS	Group B Shipments—A license exception specified in the EAR §740
GC	General Correspondence—An informal method of corresponding with DDTC to request
	authorization for re-transfer or re-export of USML articles, or clarification of the ITAR in a specific set
	of circumstances
HPC	High Performance Computer—Computers whose processing capabilities require enhanced export
	control treatment; As computer technology advances, the export control threshold of an HPC
	changes. Consult EAR §742.12 for the current HPC threshold
HS	Harmonized System—International tariff codes; The Harmonized System is a standardized
	numerical method of classifying traded products. It is used by customs authorities around the world
	to identify products when assessing duties and taxes and for gathering statistics. The HS is
	administrated by the World Customs Organization (WCO) and is updated every five years. It serves
	as the foundation for the import and export classification systems used in the United States and by
	many trading partners
HTS	Harmonized Tariff Schedule—The Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States sets out the tariff
	rates and statistical categories for all merchandise imported into the United States. The HTS is based
	on the international Harmonized System (HS) but adds additional characters to further differentiate
	product classifications
ICP	Internal Control Program—To qualify for a Special Comprehensive License (SCL), the SCL holder and
	consignee must develop an ICP to assure that exports and reexports are not made contrary to the
	Export Administration Regulations (EAR)
INCOTERMS	A set of 11 individual contractual terms and rules issued by the International Chamber of Commerce
	(ICC) that define the responsibilities of sellers and buyers for the sale of goods in international
	transactions; Of primary importance is that each Incoterms rule clarifies the tasks, costs, and risks to
	be borne by buyers and sellers in these transactions
ITAR	International Traffic in Arms Regulations—Governs the export and import of defense articles and
	services under State Department export licensing jurisdiction and is administered by the Directorate
	of Defense Trade Controls (DDTC)
ITN	Internal Transaction Number (AES)
L/C	Letter of Credit
LOA	Letter of Offer and Acceptance (FMS contract)
LVS	Limited Value Shipments—A license exception specified in the EAR §740





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MDA	Missile Defense Agency
MDE	Major Defense Equipment (ITAR 120.37)
MILSPEC	Military Specification—A U.S. defense standard used to help achieve standardization objectives by
	the U.S. Department of Defense
MLA	Manufacturing License Agreement—A DDTC export authorization to permit a U.S. person to
	manufacture defense articles abroad or provide manufacturing know-how to a foreign party;
	Sometimes referred to as MA
MOU	Memorandum of Understanding—An agreement between an international partner and the DoD to
	document the rights and obligations of each party with regard to weapon systems development,
	production, or transfer
MT	Missile Technology—A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL)
MTCR	Missile Technology Control Regime—The United States and other nations in this multilateral control
	regime have agreed to guidelines for restricting the export of dual use items that may contribute to
	the development of missiles
MTEC	Missile Technology Export Committee—An interagency group chaired by a representative of the
	Department of State (DOS) that reviews export license applications involving items controlled for
	missile technology reasons
NDA	Non-Disclosure Agreement
NDP	National Disclosure Policy—The policy that governs the disclosure of United States CMI to foreign
	governments and international organizations, stems from NSDM 119
NIPO	Navy International Program Office
NISPOM	National Industrial Security Program Operating Manual—Establishes requirements for the
	protection of classified information disclosed to or developed by contractors, licensees, grantees, or
	certificate holders to prevent unauthorized disclosure
NLR	No License Required —A form of export authorization under the EAR certifying that no BIS written
	export license is required
NP	Nuclear Nonproliferation — A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL)
NS	National Security—A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL)
NSG	Nuclear Suppliers Group —The international export control regime focusing on the proliferation of
	nuclear weapons
OExS	Office of Exporter Services—The office in BIS responsible for administering the licensing process,
	counseling exporters, conducting export control seminars, and maintaining the
	Export Administration Regulations (EAR)
OFAC	Office of Foreign Assets Control—The Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC") of the U.S.
	Department of the Treasury administers and enforces economic and trade sanctions against
	targeted foreign countries, terrorism sponsoring organizations, and international narcotics
	traffickers based on U.S. foreign policy and national security goals
PPE	Personnel Protective Equipment
PPI	Principal Party in Interest —A Foreign Trade Regulation term; This is the person that receives the
	primary benefit, monetary or otherwise, of the export transaction. See also USPPI and FPPI
RS	Regional Stability—A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL)
RSAT	Office of Regional Security and Arms Transfers—Office within the U.S. Department of State that
	manages bilateral/multi-lateral political-military and regional security relations and the sale/transfer
	of U.Sorigin defense articles and services to foreign governments







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RWA	Return Without Action —The closing of a license application case by DDTC or BIS without issuing the
	license or denying it; Usually when the application is deficit but can be by request of the applicant
SAF/IA	Secretary of the Air Force International Affairs Office
Schedule B	The Schedule B is a coding system maintained by the United States Census Bureau (USCB) and is
	based on the 4–6-digit headings and subheadings of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule (HTS) or HS. The
	U.S. Census Bureau keeps records of the number of exports by country, quantity, and value in U.S.
	dollars using Schedule B data
SCI	Special Compartmentalized Information—Classified Information
SDN	Specially Designated National—Specially Designated Nationals are identified by the Secretary of the
	Treasury under regulations issued by the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC)
SDT	Specially Designated Terrorist—A Specially Designated Terrorist is identified in regulations
	maintained by the Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC)
SED	Shipper's Export Declaration—replaced now by filing EEI in AES
SI	Significant Items—A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL)
SME	Significant Military Equipment—(ITAR 120.36) Those items listed in the USML that have an asterisk
	(*) in front of the paragraph descriptor
SNAP-R	Simplified Network Application Process—The system and method of submitting EAR license and
	classification applications over the internet to BIS
sow	Statement of Work
SS	Short Supply—A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL)
STA	Strategic Trade Authorization—A license exception specified in the EAR §740
STELA	System for Tracking Export License Applications—An online system that provides applicants with
	the status of their BIS license and classification applications
TAA	Technical Assistance Agreement —A DDTC export authorization to permit a U.S. person to provide a
	defense service to a foreign person; Sometimes referred to as TA
TMP	Temporary Imports, Re-exports, and Re-transfers—A license exception specified in the EAR §740
	that has numerous scenarios
TSR	Technology and Software Under Restriction—A license exception specified in the EAR §740
TSU	Technology and Software—Unrestricted —A license exception specified in the EAR §740
USMIL	United States Munitions Import List—A list of articles, services, and related technologies designated
	as defense items and controlled by BATFE when permanently imported into the United States
USML	United States Munitions List—The list of 21 categories of defense articles, technologies, and
	services under the export and import jurisdiction of the State Department in part 121.1 of the ITAR
USPPI	U.S. Principal Party in Interest —FTR term for the person in the United States that receives the
	primary benefits, monetary or otherwise, of the export transaction; generally that person is the U.S.
	seller, manufacturer, order party, or foreign entity
VD	Voluntary Disclosure—Process for reporting violations of the ITAR
VSD	Voluntary Self Disclosure—Process for reporting violations of the EAR
WA	Wassenaar Arrangement—The Wassenaar Arrangement on Export Controls for Conventional Arms
	and Dual-Use Goods and Technologies is a multilateral regime that contributes to regional and
	international security by promoting transparency and greater responsibility in international transfers
	of conventional arms and dual-use goods and technologies







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WDA	Warehouse and Distribution Agreement—A DDTC export authorization to permit a U.S. person to
	establish a distribution point abroad for defense articles of U.S. origin for subsequent distribution to
	foreign persons; Sometimes referred to as DA
XP	High Performance Computer—A reason for control on the Commerce Control List (CCL)



